

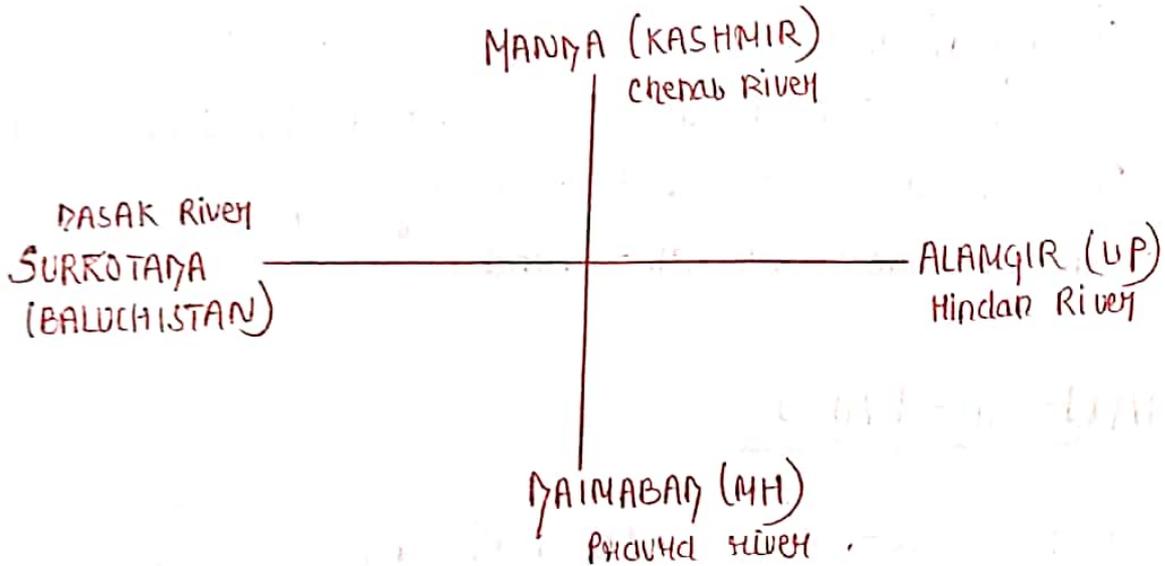
ANCIENT HISTORY

INDUS VALLEY CIVILISATION

- It is one of the oldest civilisation of the world.
 - * 1826 - Charles Maithen threw the light on it for the first time.
 - * 1853 - The survey of Harappa was done by Alexander Cunningham. Target for 19
 - * 1856 - John Baxton and William Baxton were laying the railway line between Lahore and Karachi and, unintentionally they used the bricks of Harappa.
 - * 1856 - The second survey of Harappa was done by Alexander Cunningham.
 - * 1861 - * Archaeological survey of India was established
* Alexander Cunningham was known as the founder of Archaeological survey of India, at the time of Lord Eanning.
 - * 1921 - Sir John Marshall appointed Dayaram Sahni to excavate Harappa.
 - * 1922 - Sir John Marshall appointed Rakhal Das Banerjee to excavate Mohenjo daro.
 - * 1924 - Sir John Marshall announced the Indus valley civilisation
- Historian Peegat described Harappa and Mohenjo daro as the twin capital of Indus valley.

EXTENT

- It is the largest civilisation of the world.
- It extends to the area of 13 lakh km².
- It is spread over India, Pakistan, Afghanistan.
- It is a triangular civilisation.
- It is a bronze-age civilisation.



TIME PERIOD

Target for 1Q

- The time determined from C-14 method.
- 2600 - 1900 BC → according to new NCERT
- 2350 - 1750 BC → according to old NCERT
- 3250 - 2750 BC → according to Sangon text.

PLACES

1. HARAPPA

Location = Mohenjodaro (Pakistan)